

Creation Date Oct-2013

Revision Date Oct-2018

Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description:	Dimethylformamide
Product Grade:	SQ, ER, HPLC, GC HS
Cat No. :	Q1240HACS, Q23157, Q2315H, Q12405, Q12407, Q12407ACS, Q12425, Q23155, Q2315C, Q43546, Q49305, Q49306, Q4398M
Synonyms	DMF
CAS-No	68-12-2
EC-No.	200-679-5
Molecular Formula	C3 H7 N O
Reach Registration Number	01-2119475605-32

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Sector of use	SU3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
Product category	PC21 - Laboratory chemicals
Process categories	PROC15 - Use as a laboratory reagent
Environmental release category	ERC6a - Industrial use resulting in manufacture of another substance (use of intermediates)
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Thermo Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd 403-404, B-wing, Delphi, Hiranandani Business Park, Powai, Mumbai 400076, INDIA.
E-mail address	laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

India Toll Free: 18 00 22 22 30
Chemtrec US: (800)424-9300
Chemtrec EU: 001(202)483-7616

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids Category 3 (H226)

Health hazards

Acute dermal toxicity	Category 4 (H312)
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 4 (H332)
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 2 (H319)
Reproductive Toxicity	Category 1B (H360D)

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

2.2. Label elements



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
- H312 - Harmful in contact with skin
- H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
- H332 - Harmful if inhaled
- H360D - May damage the unborn child

Precautionary Statements

- P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician
- P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water
- P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection
- P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

Additional EU labelling

Restricted to professional users

2.3. Other hazards

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB)
No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Dimethylformamide	68-12-2	EEC No. 200-679-5	>95	Flam. Liq. 3 (H226) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) Repr. 1B (H360D)

Reach Registration Number

01-2119475605-32

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Immediate medical attention is required.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required. If not breathing, give artificial respiration.
Protection of First-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to eyes. Breathing difficulties. May be harmful if absorbed through skin:
Gastrointestinal discomfort: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

Do not use water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Dimethylformamide	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr STEL: 10 ppm 15 min STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min	STEL: 10 ppm 15 min STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin	TWA / VME: 5 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 15 mg/m ³ (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 30 mg/m ³ . restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 10 ppm. restrictive limit Peau	TWA: 5 ppm 8 uren TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 uren STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuten Huid	STEL / VLA-EC: 10 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 30 mg/m ³ (15 minutos). TWA / VLA-ED: 5 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 15 mg/m ³ (8 horas) Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 5 ppm 8 ore. Media Ponderata nel Tempo TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 ore. Media Ponderata nel Tempo STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuti. Breve termine STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuti. Breve termine Pelle	TWA: 5 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 5 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 15 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 10 ppm Höhepunkt: 30 mg/m ³ Haut	STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutos STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minutos TWA: 10 ppm 8 horas TWA: 30 mg/m ³ 8 horas Pele	huid STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuten TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 uren	TWA: 5 ppm 8 tunteina TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 tunteina STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuutteina Iho

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Dimethylformamide	Haut MAK-KZW: 10 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZW: 30 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 5 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 15 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 timer Hud	Haut/Peau STEL: 10 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minutach TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 5 ppm 8 timer TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 timer STEL: 5 ppm 15 minutter. listed in the List of Administrative Norms STEL: 15 mg/m ³ 15 minutter. listed in the List of Administrative Norms Hud

Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Dimethylformamide	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³ STEL : 10 ppm STEL : 30 mg/m ³ Skin notation	kože TWA-GVI: 5 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 15 mg/m ³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 10 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 10 ppm 15 min STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 30 mg/m ³ STEL: 10 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 30 mg/m ³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Dimethylformamide	Nahk TWA: 10 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 30 mg/m ³ 8 tundides. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 45 mg/m ³ 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hr TWA: 5 ppm 8 hr STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 min STEL: 10 ppm 15 min	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³	STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 percekben. CK TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borön keresztül felszívódás	STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 10 ppm Ceiling: 30 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Dimethylformamide	skin - potential for cutaneous exposure STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 15 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm IPRD TWA: 15 mg/m ³ IPRD Oda STEL: 10 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m ³	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden TWA: 5 ppm 8 Stunden STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten STEL: 10 ppm 15 Minuten	possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 15 mg/m ³ TWA: 5 ppm STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuti STEL: 10 ppm 15 minuti	Skin notation TWA: 5 ppm 8 ore TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 ore STEL: 10 ppm 15 minute STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Dimethylformamide	Skin notation MAC: 10 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 30 mg/m ³ Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 30 mg/m ³	TWA: 5 ppm 8 urah TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 urah Koža STEL: 10 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minutah	Binding STLV: 10 ppm 15 minuter Binding STLV: 30 mg/m ³ 15 minuter LLV: 5 ppm 8 timmar. LLV: 15 mg/m ³ 8 timmar. Hud	Deri TWA: 5 ppm 8 saat TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 saat STEL: 10 ppm 15 dakika STEL: 30 mg/m ³ 15 dakika

Biological limit values

List source(s):

Component	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
Dimethylformamide			Total N-Methylformamide: 40 mg/g creatinine urine end of shift	N-Acetyl-S-(N-methylcarbonyl) cysteine: 40 mg/L urine start of last shift of workweek N-Methylformamide: 15 mg/L urine end of shift	N,N-Methylformamide plus N-Hydroxymethyl-N-methylformamide: 35 mg/L urine (end of shift)

Component	Italy	Finland	Denmark	Bulgaria	Romania
-----------	-------	---------	---------	----------	---------

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

Dimethylformamide					Methyl-formamide: 15 mg/L urine end of shift
-------------------	--	--	--	--	----------------------------------------------

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) See table for values

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral				
Dermal				3.31 mg/kg
Inhalation				15 mg/m ³

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) See values below.

Fresh water	30 mg/l
Fresh water sediment	25.05 mg/l
Marine water	3 mg/l
Water Intermittent	30 mg/l
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	123 mg/l
Soil (Agriculture)	16.24 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection	Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.5 mm	EN 374	As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals
Neoprene	< 100 minutes	0.45 mm		
Viton (R)				

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

Small scale/Laboratory use	Recommended Filter type: Type A Organic gases and vapours filter Brown conforming to EN14387 Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted
Environmental exposure controls	Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colorless	
Physical State	Liquid	
Odor	rotten-egg like	
Odor Threshold	No data available	
pH	6-8 @ 20°C	20% aq.sol
Melting Point/Range	-61 °C / -77.8 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	153 °C / 307.4 °F	
Flash Point	58 °C / 136.4 °F	Method - Abel-Pensky (DIN 51755) (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Evaporation Rate	0.17	Liquid
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	
Explosion Limits	Lower 2.2 vol% Upper 16 vol%	
Vapor Pressure	4.9 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	2.5	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.945	@ 20 °C
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	soluble	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	log Pow	
Dimethylformamide	-1.028	
Autoignition Temperature	445 °C / 833 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	> 350°C	
Viscosity	0.8 mPa.s at 20 °C	
Explosive Properties	Not explosive	explosive air/vapour mixtures possible
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula	C3 H7 N O
Molecular Weight	73.09
Surface tension	36.42 mN/m (25 °C)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions	None under normal processing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Halogens. Halogenated compounds. Reducing agents. . Alkali metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;

Oral

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Dermal

Category 4

Inhalation

Category 4

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Dimethylformamide	3040 mg/kg (Rat)	1500 mg/kg (Rabbit) 3.2 g/kg (Rat)	

(b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Test species

Category 2

Observation end point

rabbit

Irritating to eyes

(d) respiratory or skin sensitization;

Respiratory

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Component	Test method	Test species	Study result
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (>95)	Guinea Pig Maximisation Test (GPMT)	guinea pig	- non-sensitising

(e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(f) carcinogenicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Dimethylformamide				Group 2A

(g) reproductive toxicity;

Reproductive Effects

Category 1B

Developmental Effects

Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

May cause harm to the unborn child. Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Teratogenicity

Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

(h) STOT-single exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Target Organs

None known.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

(j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed May be harmful if absorbed through skin: Gastrointestinal discomfort: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Dimethylformamide	Pimephales promelas: LC50 = 10.6 g/L/96h Onchorhynchus mykiss: LC50 = 9.8 g/L/96h Lepomis macrochirus: LC50 = 6.3 g/L/96h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L/96h	EC50 = 2000 mg/L 5 min EC50 = 570 mg/L 240 h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence

Readily biodegradable
Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Component	Degradability
Dimethylformamide 68-12-2 (>95)	100 % (OECD 301E (21d))

Degradation in sewage treatment plant

Contains no substances known to be hazardous to the environment or not degradable in waste water treatment plants.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate; Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Dimethylformamide	-1.028	0.3 - 1.2 OECD 305C

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility but will likely degrade over time. Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils
36.42 mN/m (25 °C)

Surface tension

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Substance is not considered persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT) / very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information

Component	EU - Endocrine Disruptors Candidate List	EU - Endocrine Disruptors - Evaluated Substances	Japan - Endocrine Disruptor Information
Dimethylformamide	Group III Chemical		

Persistent Organic Pollutant

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Ozone Depletion Potential

This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products

Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)

According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.

Other Information

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Can be incinerated, when in compliance with local regulations.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number UN2265
14.2. UN proper shipping name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III

ADR

14.1. UN number UN2265
14.2. UN proper shipping name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III

IATA

14.1. UN number UN2265
14.2. UN proper shipping name N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE
14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 3
14.4. Packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards No hazards identified

14.6. Special precautions for user No special precautions required

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Dimethylformamide	200-679-5	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X

Component	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XIV - Substances Subject to Authorization	REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006) article 59 - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC)
Dimethylformamide		Use restricted. See item 30. (see http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006R1907:EN:NOT for restriction details)	SVHC Candidate list - (Toxic to Reproduction, Article 57c)

National Regulations

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Dimethylformamide	WGK 1	

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Dimethylformamide	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 84

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Dir 92/85/EC on the protection of pregnant and breastfeeding women at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dimethylformamide

Revision Date Oct-2018

work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H360D - May damage the unborn child

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

Fire prevention and fighting, identifying hazards and risks, static electricity, explosive atmospheres posed by vapours and dusts.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date Oct-2013

Next Revision Date Oct-2023

Revision Summary SDS section 1 updated and update of Format

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet