

Creation Date Oct-2013

Revision Date Oct-2018

Revision Number 2

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identification

Product Description:	Triethylamine
Product Grade:	SQ, HPLC, ER
Cat No. :	Q28585, Q43943, Q2868C
Synonyms	TETN
CAS-No	121-44-8
EC-No.	204-469-4
Molecular Formula	C6 H15 N
Reach Registration Number	01-2119475467-26

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company	Thermo Fisher Scientific India Pvt. Ltd 403-404, B-wing, Delphi, Hiranandani Business Park, Powai, Mumbai 400076, INDIA.
E-mail address	laboratorysolutions@thermofisher.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

India Toll Free: 18 00 22 22 30
Chemtrec US: (800)424-9300
Chemtrec EU: 001(202)483-7616

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids	Category 2
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Health hazards

Acute oral toxicity	Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity	Category 3
Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors	Category 3
Skin Corrosion/irritation	Category 1 A
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)	Category 3

Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

2.2. Label elements

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Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- H302 - Harmful if swallowed
- H311 - Toxic in contact with skin
- H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- H331 - Toxic if inhaled
- H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary Statements

- P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection
- P302 + P350 - IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water
- P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
- P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
- P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician
- P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking

2.3. Other hazards

No information available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Triethylamine	121-44-8	EEC No. 204-469-4	>95	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225) Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 3 (H311) Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335)

Reach Registration Number

01-2119475467-26

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Eye Contact** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
- Skin Contact** Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.
- Ingestion** Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

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Inhalation Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Immediate medical attention is required.

Protection of First-aiders Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes burns by all exposure routes. Breathing difficulties. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media

CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

No information available.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Flammable. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. See Section 12 for additional ecological information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limits

List source(s): **EU** - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. **UK** - EH40/2005 Containing the workplace exposure limits (WELs) for use with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 (as amended). Updated by September 2006 official press release and October 2007 Supplement. **IRE** - 2010 Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemical Agents) Regulations 2001. Published by the Health and Safety Authority.

Component	European Union	The United Kingdom	France	Belgium	Spain
Triethylamine	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 hr STEL: 3 ppm 15 min STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 min Possibility of significant uptake through the skin	STEL: 4 ppm 15 min STEL: 17 mg/m ³ 15 min TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hr Skin	TWA / VME: 1 ppm (8 heures). restrictive limit TWA / VME: 4.2 mg/m ³ (8 heures). restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 3 ppm. restrictive limit STEL / VLCT: 12.6 mg/m ³ . restrictive limit Peau	TWA: 1 ppm 8 uren TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ 8 uren STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuten STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minuten Huid	STEL / VLA-EC: 3 ppm (15 minutos). STEL / VLA-EC: 12.6 mg/m ³ (15 minutos). TWA / VLA-ED: 2 ppm (8 horas) TWA / VLA-ED: 8.4 mg/m ³ (8 horas) Piel

Component	Italy	Germany	Portugal	The Netherlands	Finland
Triethylamine	TWA: 2 ppm 8 ore. TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 ore. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuti. STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minuti. Pelle	TWA: 1 ppm (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). AGW - exposure factor 2 TWA: 1 ppm (8 Stunden). MAK TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ (8 Stunden). MAK Höhepunkt: 2 ppm Höhepunkt: 8.4 mg/m ³ Haut	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutos STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutos TWA: 2 ppm 8 horas TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 horas Pele	huid STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minuten TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ 8 uren	STEL: 1 ppm 15 minuutteina STEL: 4.2 mg/m ³ 15 minuutteina Iho

Component	Austria	Denmark	Switzerland	Poland	Norway
Triethylamine	Haut	TWA: 1 ppm 8 timer	STEL: 2 ppm 15	STEL: 9 mg/m ³ 15	TWA: 2 ppm 8 timer

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	MAK-KZW: 3 ppm 15 Minuten MAK-KZW: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten MAK-TMW: 2 ppm 8 Stunden MAK-TMW: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	TWA: 4.1 mg/m ³ 8 timer Hud	Minuten STEL: 8.4 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten TWA: 1 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden	minutach TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 godzinach	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 timer STEL: 4 ppm 15 minuter. STEL: 16 mg/m ³ 15 minuter. Hud
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Component	Bulgaria	Croatia	Ireland	Cyprus	Czech Republic
Triethylamine	TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ STEL : 3 ppm STEL : 12.6 mg/m ³ Skin notation	kože TWA-GVI: 2 ppm 8 satima. TWA-GVI: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 satima. STEL-KGVI: 3 ppm 15 minutama. STEL-KGVI: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutama.	TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr. TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 hr. STEL: 3 ppm 15 min STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 min Skin	Skin-potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ TWA: 2.0 ppm TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 8 mg/m ³ 8 hodinách. Potential for cutaneous absorption Ceiling: 12 mg/m ³

Component	Estonia	Gibraltar	Greece	Hungary	Iceland
Triethylamine	Nahk TWA: 2 ppm 8 tundides. TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 tundides. STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutites. STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutites.	Skin notation TWA: 2 ppm 8 hr TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 hr STEL: 3 ppm 15 min STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 min	skin - potential for cutaneous absorption STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 60 mg/m ³ TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 40 mg/m ³	STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 perceken. CK TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 órában. AK lehetséges borón keresztül felszívódás	STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ TWA: 2 ppm 8 klukkustundum. TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 klukkustundum. Skin notation Ceiling: 4 ppm Ceiling: 16.8 mg/m ³

Component	Latvia	Lithuania	Luxembourg	Malta	Romania
Triethylamine	STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 ppm IPRD TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ IPRD Oda STEL: 3 ppm STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³	Possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 2 ppm 8 Stunden TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 Stunden STEL: 3 ppm 15 Minuten STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 Minuten	possibility of significant uptake through the skin TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ STEL: 3 ppm 15 minuti STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minuti	Skin notation TWA: 2 ppm 8 ore TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 ore STEL: 3 ppm 15 minute STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minute

Component	Russia	Slovak Republic	Slovenia	Sweden	Turkey
Triethylamine	Skin notation MAC: 10 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 12.6 mg/m ³ Potential for cutaneous absorption TWA: 2 ppm TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 ppm 8 urah TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 urah Koža STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutah STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 minutah	STV: 10 ppm 15 minuter STV: 40 mg/m ³ 15 minuter LLV: 2 ppm 8 timmar. LLV: 8 mg/m ³ 8 timmar.	Deri TWA: 2 ppm 8 saat TWA: 8.4 mg/m ³ 8 saat STEL: 3 ppm 15 dakika STEL: 12.6 mg/m ³ 15 dakika

Biological limit values

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.

Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

MDHS70 General methods for sampling airborne gases and vapours

MDHS 88 Volatile organic compounds in air. Laboratory method using diffusive samplers, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

MDHS 96 Volatile organic compounds in air - Laboratory method using pumped solid sorbent tubes, solvent desorption and gas chromatography

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Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)	No information available			
<u>Route of exposure</u>	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral Dermal Inhalation				

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) No information available.

8.2. Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Nitrile rubber	< 60 minutes	0.38 mm	EN 374 Level 3	Permeation rate ~ 2000 µg/cm ² /min As tested under EN374-3 Determination of Resistance to Permeation by Chemicals

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatibility, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly

Large scale/emergency use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced

Recommended Filter type: Ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives filter Type K Green conforming to EN14387

Small scale/Laboratory use Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Recommended half mask:- Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Colorless
Physical State	Liquid
Odor	Fishy
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	12.4 (10 %)

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Melting Point/Range	-115 °C / -175 °F	
Softening Point	No data available	
Boiling Point/Range	90 °C / 194 °F	
Flash Point	-11 °C / 12.2 °F	Method - No information available
Evaporation Rate	5.6	(Butyl Acetate = 1.0)
Flammability (solid,gas)	Not applicable	Liquid
Explosion Limits	Lower 1.2 vol% Upper 8.8 vol%	
Vapor Pressure	69 mbar @ 20 °C	
Vapor Density	3.5	(Air = 1.0)
Specific Gravity / Density	0.728	
Bulk Density	Not applicable	Liquid
Water Solubility	133 g/L (20°C)	
Solubility in other solvents	No information available	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)		
Component	log Pow	
Triethylamine	1.45	
Autoignition Temperature	215 °C / 419 °F	
Decomposition Temperature	No data available	
Viscosity	0.36 mPa.s @ 20 °C	
Explosive Properties	No information available	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air
Oxidizing Properties	No information available	

9.2. Other information

Molecular Formula	C6 H15 N
Molecular Weight	101.19

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

None known, based on information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible products. Excess heat. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong reducing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Nitrogen oxides (NO_x).

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Product Information

(a) acute toxicity;	
Oral	Category 4
Dermal	Category 3
Inhalation	Category 3

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
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Triethylamine	460 mg/kg (Rat)	415 mg/kg (Rabbit)	1250 ppm (Rat) 4 h
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- (b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;
Respiratory Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (e) germ cell mutagenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (f) carcinogenicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
 There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product
- (g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
- (h) STOT-single exposure; Category 3
Results / Target organs Respiratory system.
- (i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Target Organs No information available.
- (j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecotoxicity effects Do not empty into drains.

Component	Freshwater Fish	Water Flea	Freshwater Algae	Microtox
Triethylamine	Oryzias latipes: LC50 = 50.7 mg/L/48h	EC50 = 200 mg/L/48h		EC50 = 127 mg/L/2 h EC50 = 95 mg/L/17 h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Readily biodegradable
 Soluble in water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Degradation in sewage treatment plant No inhibition of bacteria is expected if properly introduced into a biological treatment facility.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely

Component	log Pow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Triethylamine	1.45	<4.9 OECD 305C

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems . Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available for assessment.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Endocrine Disruptor Information This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors

Persistent Organic Pollutant This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

Ozone Depletion Potential This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

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SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.
European Waste Catalogue (EWC)	According to the European Waste Catalogue, Waste Codes are not product specific, but application specific.
Other Information	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used. Do not empty into drains. Large amounts will affect pH and harm aquatic organisms. Solutions with high pH-value must be neutralized before discharge.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

IMDG/IMO

14.1. UN number	UN1296
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Triethylamine
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

ADR

14.1. UN number	UN1296
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Triethylamine
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

IATA

14.1. UN number	UN1296
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Triethylamine
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	3
Subsidiary Hazard Class	8
14.4. Packing group	II

14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code	Not applicable, packaged goods

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Inventories

X = listed

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Triethylamine	204-469-4	-		X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X

National Regulations

FSUT3200

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Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Triethylamine	WGK 1	Class I : 20 mg/m ³ (Massenkonzentration)

Component	France - INRS (Tables of occupational diseases)
Triethylamine	Tableaux des maladies professionnelles (TMP) - RG 49, RG 49bis

Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment/Report (CSA/CSR) has not been conducted

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full Text of H-/EUH-Statements Referred to Under Section 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H311 - Toxic in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

DNEL - Derived No Effect Level

RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment

LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%

NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic

ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

BCF - Bioconcentration factor

Key literature references and sources for data

Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, RTECS

Training Advice

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers.

Creation Date Oct-2013

Next Revision Date Oct-2023

Revision Summary SDS section 1 updated and update of Format.

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Legend

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TWA - Time Weighted Average

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%

EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%

POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water

vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds

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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of Safety Data Sheet